

### Claim Amendments

1. (currently amended) An analog computer controlled by an auxiliary digital computer for solving ~~Laplacian~~ partial differential equations by the finite difference method comprised of:

a plurality of digital programmable switching devices having similar parasitic resistances that are connected to each other in a resistive grid having nodal points, said plurality of digital programmable switching devices also including externally accessible pins;

one or more analog-to-digital converters having inputs selectively connectable to ~~selected~~ said nodal points, whereby nodal point voltages may be read out wherein voltage readings from said nodal points are readable through said analog-to-digital converters via said auxiliary digital computer, and wherein said auxiliary digital computer is connected to outputs associated with said one or more analog-to-digital converters; and

~~externally accessible pins connected to said digital programmable switching devices, whereby one or more~~ digital-to-analog converters can including outputs that are adapted to inject voltages via connection of said one or more digital-to-analog converters to said externally accessible pins, wherein said voltages corresponding to Dirichlet boundary conditions are presented to said externally accessible pins via said auxiliary digital computer through its connection to inputs associated with said one or more digital-to-analog converters, and wherein said voltages correspond to Dirichlet boundary conditions.

2. (original) The analog computer of claim 1 wherein said digital programmable devices are field programmable interconnect devices, in which the terminal-to-terminal connection relationship is arbitrarily definable under program control.

3. (currently amended) ~~An expanded version of the~~ The analog computer of claim 2, wherein a large ~~Laplacian~~ partial differential equation problem to be solved is partitioned in sub-problems, ~~each sub-problem being large enough to implement in the claim 2 equation solver,~~ where a solution to the ~~total large~~ partial differential equation problem is effected by using a combination of known Dirichlet boundary conditions ~~corresponding to those in the~~ provided from a problem specification and unknown Dirichlet boundary conditions ~~that are~~ supplied through computation by said computer based on measurements from ~~partial computational results directly measured at the~~ appropriate nodal points ~~generated in~~ based on one or more of the sub-problems, and ~~where the solution~~ of the large partial differential equation problem is completed by iteratively solving the sub-problems in rotation, which produces eventual convergence.

4. (currently amended) ~~An expanded analog computer controlled by an auxiliary digital computer~~ A system for solving ~~Laplacian~~ partial differential equations by the finite difference method, said system comprised of:

a network of two or more field programmable interconnect device (FPID) sections, each FPID section comprised of an array of FPID devices having similar parasitic resistances and ~~that are~~ connected to each other in a resistive grid ~~having,~~ thereby forming nodal points;

external terminal pins connected to each FPID section, ~~whereby;~~

digital-to-analog converters ~~can~~ adapted to inject voltages at said external terminal pins, wherein said voltages corresponding to Dirichlet boundary conditions and said digital-to-analog converters are controlled via ~~said by an~~ auxiliary digital computer; and

one or more analog-to-digital converters, also under the control of said auxiliary digital computer, are connectable to selected nodal points of any FPID section, whereby

nodal point voltages ~~may be read out~~ are readable via said auxiliary digital computer.

5. (currently amended) A method of solving ~~Poisson~~ problems having a partial differential equation ~~problems~~ by the finite difference method using a programmable resistive grid ~~comprised of the essentially identical parasitic resistances including a network~~ of field programmable interconnect devices (FPIDs), said programmable resistive grid having externally accessible pins and grid nodal points, ~~the method~~ comprised of:

impressing voltages from an analog voltage source onto said externally accessible pins, said voltages corresponding to Dirichlet boundary conditions;  
and

measuring the voltages at grid nodal points; and  
providing voltage measurements from the grid nodal points to a computer,  
wherein the computer is programmed to use the voltage measurements to solve the partial differential equation.

6. (new) The method of claim 5 wherein the step of impressing voltages from an analog voltage source onto said externally accessible pins further comprises providing said voltages from a digital-to-analog converter.

7. (new) The method of claim 5 wherein the step of measuring the voltages at grid nodal points further comprises measuring the voltages at said grid nodal points using a analog-to-digital converter.

8. (new) The method of claim 6 wherein the digital-to-analog converter is under the control of the computer.

9. (new) The method of claim 7 wherein analog-to-digital converter is under the control of the computer.

10. (new) The method of claim 6 wherein the step of measuring the voltages at said grid nodal points further comprises measuring the voltages at said grid nodal points using an analog-to digital converter.

11. (new) The method of claim 10 wherein the digital-to-analog and analog-to-digital converters are under the control of the computer.

12. (new) The method of claim 5 wherein:  
the step of impressing the voltages from the analog voltage source onto said externally accessible pins further comprises providing the voltages from a digital-to-analog converter;  
the step of measuring the voltages at said grid nodal points further comprises measuring the voltages at said grid nodal points using an analog-to digital converter; and  
the digital-to-analog and analog-to-digital converters are under the control of the computer, which is programmed to carry out the steps of providing and measuring the voltages.